UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI EASTERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
Plaintiff,)
V.)) No.
TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS)
IN U.S. CURRENCY (\$20,000.00),))
Defendant.)

VERIFIED COMPLAINT OF FORFEITURE

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, the United States of America, by and through its attorneys, Jeffrey B. Jensen, United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, and Lindsay McClure-Hartman, Assistant United States Attorney, for said district, and for its Verified Complaint for Forfeiture states as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. This is a civil action *in rem* brought by the United States of America seeking forfeiture of all right, title, and interest in the above-captioned defendant property pursuant Title 21, United States Code, Section 881(a)(6) and Title 18, United States Code, Sections 981(a)(1)(A) and (C).
- 2. The defendant property was seized by law enforcement on or about March 28, 2019, and is described more fully as twenty thousand dollars in U.S. currency (\$20,000.00) (the "defendant property").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. The Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Title 28, United States Code, Sections 1345, 1355, and 1395.

4. Venue is proper pursuant to Title 28, United States Code, Section 1355(b)(1)(A) because the acts and omissions giving rise to forfeiture took place in the Eastern District of Missouri. Venue is also proper pursuant to Title 28, United States Code, Section 1395(b) because the defendant currency was seized in the Eastern District of Missouri.

STATUTORY FRAMEWORK

- 5. Title 21, United States Code, Section 881(a)(6) authorizes the civil forfeiture of "all moneys, negotiable instruments, securities, or other things of value furnished or intended to be furnished by any person in exchange for a controlled substance or listed chemical in violation of this subchapter, all proceeds traceable to such an exchange, and all moneys, negotiable instruments, and securities used or intended to be used to facilitate any violation of this subchapter."
- 6. Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(1)(A)(i) criminalizes conducting a transaction, including transferring, delivering, or other disposition, knowing that such transaction represents the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity and that in fact involves the proceeds of a specific unlawful activity, including violations of the Controlled Substances Act, with the intent to promote the carrying on of the specified unlawful activity.
- 7. Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(1)(B) criminalizes conducting a transaction, including transfer, delivery, or other disposition, knowing that such transaction represents the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity and that in fact involves the proceeds of a specific unlawful activity, including violations of the Controlled Substances Act, knowing that the transaction is designed in whole or in part to conceal or disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, or control of the proceeds of specified unlawful activity.
 - 8. Pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(A), any property, real

or personal, involved in a transaction or attempted transaction in violation of section 1956 of Title 18, or any property traceable to such property, is subject to civil forfeiture.

- 9. Title 18, United States Code, Section 1952 criminalizes traveling in interstate commerce with the intent to distribute the proceeds of any unlawful activity, including a business enterprise involving controlled substances, or otherwise promoting, managing, establishing, carrying on, or facilitating the promotion, management, establishment, or carrying on, of such unlawful activity.
- 10. Pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C), any property, real or personal, which constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1952 is subject to civil forfeiture.

FACTS GIVING RISE TO THE FORFEITURE

- 11. Paul Kelly ("Kelly") resides in Canonsburg, Pennsylvania. Eric Rees ("Rees") and Dennis Jiansante ("Jiansante") reside in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
- 12. Kelly, Rees and Jiansante have past criminal histories involving drug distribution and possession of narcotics.
- 13. On or about March 28, 2019, Kelly, Rees and Jiansante were travelling in a blue 2004 Ford F-150 pickup ("Ford") headed west on Interstate 70 within the Eastern District of Missouri. Kelly was driving the vehicle and Rees and Jiansante were passengers.
- 14. At approximately 9:05 am, law enforcement officers observed the Ford near the 205 mile marker in Foristell, Missouri. Officers noticed that the Ford was not maintaining a single lane in traffic and when the officers pulled behind the Ford, it quickly exited the interstate into a weigh station. An officer conducted a traffic stop of the Ford.
 - 15. The officer approached the Ford and made contact with Kelly. At the officer's

request, Kelly agreed to exit the Ford and accompany the officer in the patrol vehicle for records checks.

- 16. While in the patrol vehicle, the officer asked Kelly why he exited into a weigh station. Kelly said he thought it was an exit and didn't realize it was a weigh station. The officer asked Kelly about his travels and Kelly stated they were "maybe stopping in Colorado and then to Las Vegas." The officer asked why he said maybe and Kelly stated they planned to stop in Colorado and then maybe travel to Las Vegas for "one day" and drive back to Pennsylvania. The officer asked Kelly why they would travel cross-county for one day. Kelly stumbled for an answer and said "maybe two days." He also said they weren't sure where they were going to stay in Las Vegas and had no hotel reservations.
- 17. Jiansante and Rees were asked about their travel plans and they also stated they were going to Las Vegas for a day or two, but could give no specific plans. The officer asked why they didn't fly and Jiansante said "I'd rather see the country."
- 18. The officer asked if they were travelling with any large amounts of currency and Kelly said no. Kelly also said there were no narcotics in the Ford. The officer asked to search the vehicle and Kelly did not consent.
- 19. A canine officer arrived on the scene with a trained, certified and reliable drug detection canine. The drug detection canine was deployed for a "free air sniff" of the Ford. The canine gave an affirmative response to the presence of a controlled substance near the driver's side door of the Ford.
- 20. Jiansante and Rees exited the Ford and officers search the vehicle due to probable cause from the positive alert from the drug detection canine.
 - 21. Officers located a small, handmade straw inside a pack of Newport cigarettes on

the dashboard of the driver's side of the Ford. A small plastic baggie inside the center console was located and it contained a small amount of white powder. Due to the discovery of the small, handmade straw, the white powder was believed to be cocaine.

- 22. A backpack was located on the rear seat and it contained a Crown Royal bag and men's clothing. The Crown Royal bag contained a large amount of banded and bundled U.S. currency. Rees stated the currency was his, but did not know the amount. A brown pill bottle was also in the backpack and it contained gummy type candies.
- 23. The vehicle also contained a small amount of clothing to indicate a short, turn-around trip.
- 24. The three individuals were searched due to probable cause and each consenting. Jiansante had a large amount of U.S. currency in his pockets. The currency was banded and bundled, similar to the U.S. currency in the Crown Royal bag.
 - 25. The three suspects were detained and the Ford was towed to a secure facility.
- 26. Officers informed Rees of his rights and Rees said he understood. Rees told officers about his lengthy criminal history involving drugs and burglaries. Rees also stated he had some money in his backpack and said it was "20, maybe 30, I'm not sure, could be 40 thousand." Officers asked how much money he had with him and Rees stated, "I don't know, it's my life savings." Officers asked why he would take his life savings to gamble and he then stated "it was just some money he saved to have fun with." Rees stated the money in the backpack was his and did not belong to anyone else.
- 27. Rees also stated he did not believe in banks and provided a story about the IRS seizing money from his accounts. Rees then stated he earned the money from a "roofing job" but could not provide any receipts or proof of the work being completed.

- 28. Officers read Kelly his rights and he said he understood. Kelly said the cocaine in the vehicle belonged to him. He then stated that he, Rees, and Kelly comingled their money into Rees' backpack. He said he wasn't sure how much he put in there but it might have been "10 to 20 thousand." Officers asked Kelly why he didn't count it first and he said, "It didn't matter, everyone just put money in." Officers then asked him why Jiansante had all of his money on his person instead of putting it in the backpack. Kelly said he wasn't sure and then retracted his statement about the ownership of the U.S. currency. Kelly stated, "None of the money is mine, I'm just going to stick with that."
- 29. Officers asked Kelly about his employment status and he said he was self-employed and business was slow at the moment. He said his yearly income was approximately "twenty thousand" and he had no documentation to prove his income or where the U.S. currency had come from.
- 30. Kelly then wrote out a voluntary statement stating he was not an owner of any of the U.S. currency, but he did own the narcotics.
- 31. While officers were speaking with Kelly, Jiansante began yelling "tell him about the settlement!" Officers asked Kelly what Jiansante was talking about and Kelly stated "I don't know."
- 32. Officers read Jiansante his rights and he said he understood. Jiansante said he worked out of his garage and made around "fifteen to twenty thousand" per year painting cars. Officers asked if he had any pictures of his work on his phone and he said no. During the interview, Jiansante said, "Look, I'm just sticking with the story. What do you want me to do? Tell the truth? No, I'm just going with the story man, I'm sorry." Jiansante said multiple times during the interview that he wouldn't say the actual purpose of the trip or the purpose of the U.S. currency.

33. A secondary search of the vehicle took place and six cellular phones were located in the vehicle.

34. A certified drug detection canine was deployed for a discretionary sniff of the defendant property. The canine gave an affirmative response to the presence of a controlled substance on the defendant property.

35. The U.S. currency from the Crown Royal bag was later counted and determined to be \$20,000.00. The U.S. currency from Jiansante's pocket was later counted and determined to be \$12,887.00. The currency consisted of mainly \$20.00 denominations.

<u>COUNT ONE - FORFEITURE</u> 21 U.S.C. § 881(a)(6)

- 36. The United States incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 to 35 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 37. The defendant property is bulk U.S. currency that was discovered by law enforcement officers in bundles, wrapped in rubber bands, in denominations and a manner that is consistent with drug trafficking. In addition, the defendant property was found concealed in a bag inside a backpack. Kelly, Rees and Jiansante provided inconsistent stories of its source, ownership and intended use. Those same individuals have a criminal history related to narcotics possession and distribution. Finally, a certified narcotics canine alerted positively to the presence of a controlled substance on the defendant property.
- 38. Based on the foregoing, the defendant currency is subject to forfeiture pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 881(a)(6) as money furnished or intended to be furnished in exchange for a controlled substance, as proceeds traceable to such an exchange, and as money to be used to facilitate a violation of the Controlled Substances Act.

COUNT TWO - FORFEITURE

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18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(A)

- 39. The United States incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 to 35 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 40. The defendant currency is proceeds of an unlawful activity involving controlled substances and was transported through the Eastern District of Missouri by Kelly, Rees and Jiansante with the intent to promote the carrying on of, and to conceal or disguise the nature, location, source, ownership or control of, a specified unlawful activity.
- 41. Based on the foregoing, the defendant currency is subject to forfeiture, pursuant to Title 18, United Stated Code, Section 981(a)(1)(A) as property involved in a transaction or attempted transaction in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956, or as property traceable to such property.

<u>COUNT THREE – FORFEITURE</u> 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C)

- 42. The United States incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 to 35 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 43. The defendant currency is proceeds of an unlawful activity involving controlled substances that travelled with Kelly, Rees and Jiansante in interstate commerce with the intent to distribute it, and otherwise promote, manage, establish, carry on, or facilitate the promotion, management, establishment, or carrying on, of an unlawful activity involving controlled substances.
- 44. Based on the foregoing, the defendant currency is subject to forfeiture, pursuant to Title 18, United Stated Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C) as property that constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1952.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the United States of America prays that a Warrant for Arrest be issued in rem for the defendant currency and the defendant currency be condemned and forfeited to the United States of America, in accordance with the provisions of law; and that the United States of America be awarded its costs in this action, and have such other relief as provided by law and the nature of the case may require.

Respectfully submitted,

JEFFREY B. JENSEN United States Attorney

/s/ Lindsay McClure-Hartman

LINDSAY MCCLURE-HARTMAN, #66070(MO) Assistant United States Attorney 111 South 10th Street, Suite 20.333 Saint Louis, Missouri 63102

Telephone: (314) 539-2200 Facsimile: (314) 539-2777

Lindsay.McClure-Hartman@usdoj.gov

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VERIFICATION

I, Bryan M. Thomas, hereby verify and declare under penalty of perjury that I am a Task

Force Officer with the Drug Enforcement Administration, that I have read the foregoing Verified

Complaint and know the contents thereof, and that the matters contained in the Verified

Complaint are true to my own knowledge and belief.

The sources of my knowledge and information and the grounds of my belief are the official

files and records of the United States, information supplied to me by other law enforcement

officers, as well as my investigation of this case, together with others, as a Task Force Officer

with the Drug Enforcement Administration.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. ' 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true

and correct.

Executed on: 12-10-2019

(date)

Task Force Officer

Drug Enforcement Administration

SJS 44 (Rev. 11/04)

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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS	·	DEFI	ENDANTS		
United States of America			\$20,000.00 U.S. Currency		
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) AUSA Lindsay McClure-Hartman U. S. Attorney's Office			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED. Attorneys (If Known)		
II. BASIS OF JURISD		III. CITIZEN	SHIP OF PR	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff
U.S. Government Plaintiff	☐ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)		sity Cases Only) PTF	F DEF	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF rincipal Place
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Anoth	ner State 🗖 2	2	
		Citizen or Subje Foreign Coun		3	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	(Place an "X" in One Box Only) TORTS	FORFEITURE	PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment ☐ 151 Medicare Act ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability ☐ 196 Franchise ☐ REAL PROPERTY ☐ 210 Land Condemnation ☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment ☐ 240 Torts to Land ☐ 245 Tort Product Liability ☐ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY □ 310 Airplane □ 315 Airplane Product Liability □ 320 Assault, Libel & Slander □ 330 Federal Employers' Liability □ 340 Marine □ 345 Marine Product Liability □ 355 Motor Vehicle □ 7355 Motor Vehicle □ 7360 Other Personal □ 355 Motor Vehicle □ 7360 Other Personal Injury	G20 Other F G2 G25 Drug R G30 Liquor G30 Liquor G30 Liquor G40 R.R. & G50 Airline G60 Occupa Safety/H G90 Other G90 G9	ood & Drug elated Seizure rty 21 USC 881 Laws Truck Regs. tional ealth BOR oor Standards Agmt. Relations Agmt. Reporting ossure Act Labor Act abor Litigation tet. Inc.	422 Appeal 28 USC 158 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS 820 Copyrights 830 Patent 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and
■1 Original □2 R	tate Court Appellate Court Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you a	Reinstated or Reopened (Do not ci	another (specify) Litigation	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	ON 21 USC 881; 18 USC 981 Brief description of cause: Forfeiture of \$20,000.00 U	.S. Currency			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTIO UNDER F.R.C.P. 23		\$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	if demanded in complaint:
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions): JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE 12/10/2019		TTORNEY OF RECO			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT # A	MOUNT APPLYING IFP _		JUDGE	MAG. JUI	DGE

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity**. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

LINITED STATES DISTRICT COLIRT

	STRICT OF MISSOURI
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	
plaintiff, v. \$20,000.00 U.S. Currency , defendant.)))) Case No.))
ORIGINAI	L FILING FORM
THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED A INITIATING A NEW CASE.	ND VERIFIED BY THE FILING PARTY WHEN
——FHIS CAUSE, OR A SUBSTANTIALL	Y EQUIVALENT COMPLAINT, WAS
PREVIOUSLY FILED IN THIS COURT AS	S CASE NUMBER
AND ASSIGNED TO THE HONORABLE	JUDGE
NEITHER THIS CAUSE, NOR A SUBS	STANTIALLY EQUIVALENT COMPLAINT,
OPENED AS AN ORIGINAL PROCEEDIN	NG.
The undersigned affirms that the information	tion provided above is true and correct.
Date: 12/10/2019	/s/ Lindsay McClure-Hartman
	Signature of Filing Party

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI EASTERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)	
Plaintiff,)	
v.)	No.
TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS IN U.S. CURRENCY (\$20,000.00),)	
Defendant.)	

WARRANT FOR ARREST OF PROPERTY

TO: THE UNITED STATES MARSHAL AND/OR ANY OTHER DULY AUTHORIZED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI

Whereas, on December 10, 2019, the United States of America filed a Verified Complaint for Civil Forfeiture in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, against the above-named defendant property, alleging that said property is subject to seizure and civil forfeiture to the United States for the reasons mentioned in the complaint; and

WHEREAS, the defendant property is currently in the possession, custody, or control of the United States; and

WHEREAS, in these circumstances, Supplemental Rule G(3)(b)(i) directs the Clerk of the Court to issue an arrest warrant in rem for the arrest of the defendant property; and

WHEREAS, Supplemental Rule G(3)(c) provides that the warrant of arrest in rem must be delivered to a person or organization authorized to execute it;

NOW THEREFORE, you are hereby commanded to arrest the above-named defendant property by serving a copy of this warrant on the custodian in whose possession, custody, or

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control the property is presently found, and to use whatever means may be appropriate to protect and maintain it in your custody until further order of this Court,

YOU ARE FURTHER COMMANDED, promptly after execution of this process, to file the same in this Court with your return thereon, identifying the individuals upon whom copies were served and the manner employed.

GREGORY J. LINHARES, CLERK United States District Court

By:			
-	Deputy Clerk		
Date	:		